

May 12, 2021

The Honorable Kimberly D. Bose Secretary Federal Energy Regulatory Commission 888 First Street, NE Washington, D.C. 20426

INFORMATIONAL FILING-NO NOTICE REQUIRED

Re: California Independent System Operator Corporation Informational Readiness Certification for the NorthWestern Energy's Participation in the Energy Imbalance Market Docket No. ER15-861-000

Dear Secretary Bose:

The California Independent System Operator Corporation (CAISO) submits this informational filing in compliance with section 29.2(b)(6) of the CAISO tariff.¹ The CAISO, in consultation with NorthWestern Energy (NWE), has determined that, following market simulation and an adequate period of parallel operations, the CAISO and NWE have met all readiness criteria specified in section 29.2(b)(7). In support of this determination the CAISO hereby submits the sworn CAISO affidavit of Khaled Abdul-Rahman, Vice President of Power System and Market Technology, and the sworn NWE affidavit of Michael R. Cashell, Vice President – Transmission. This filing certifies the readiness of the CAISO and NWE to proceed with NWE's participation in the CAISO's Energy Imbalance Market (EIM) on June 16, 2021, without exception, consistent with the requirement to do so at least 30 days prior.

I. Background

The EIM provides other balancing authority areas the opportunity to participate in the real-time market for imbalance energy that the CAISO operates in its own balancing authority area. PacifiCorp's balancing authorities were the

The Commission has determined that readiness certifications are considered informational filings and will not be noticed for comment. See Cal. Indep. Sys. Operator Corp., 153 FERC ¶ 61,205 at P 86 and n.173 (2015); see also Cal. Indep. Sys. Operator Corp., 155 FERC ¶ 61,283 at P 8 (2016).

first two balancing authorities to join the EIM beyond the CAISO balancing authority area. The CAISO's EIM tariff provisions went into effect on October 24, 2014, in time for the first trading day of November 1, 2014.² In a March 16, 2015 order,³ the Commission concluded that certain readiness safeguards are necessary prior to activating a prospective EIM entity into production.⁴ Accordingly, the Commission directed the CAISO to include provisions in its tariff to ensure the readiness of any new EIM entity. The Commission further required that the certification of market readiness include a sworn affidavit from an officer of the CAISO and an officer of the prospective EIM entity attesting that both have prepared and made ready the systems and processes for the new EIM entity to commence financially binding participation in the EIM.⁵ Following two compliance filings, the Commission accepted the CAISO's proposed readiness criteria.⁶ These criteria appear in section 29.2(b)(7) of the CAISO Tariff.

II. Readiness Reporting, Determination, and Attestations

The CAISO and NWE ran market simulation scenarios from December 1, 2020 to January 29, 2021. Parallel (*i.e.*, financially nonbinding) operations, which began on January 30, 2021, ran through at least March 2, 2021 and, in any event, continued to be supported and available to NWE until June 16, 2021. During market simulation and parallel operations, the CAISO and NWE have engaged in daily discussions to track progress and confirm the status of each readiness criterion, and the CAISO has regularly reported on readiness status in market forum discussions and publicly posted a table or "dashboard," showing progress towards meeting the readiness criteria. The process of updating the readiness dashboard through this joint effort involved representatives from both organizations, including the senior officers who have attested that the parties' processes and systems are ready for NWE's participation in the EIM.

See Cal. Indep. Sys. Operator Corp., 147 FERC ¶ 61,231 (2014) (June 19 Order) (conditionally accepting tariff revisions to implement Energy Imbalance Market); Cal. Indep. Sys. Operator Corp., 149 FERC ¶ 61,058 (2014) (order denying requests for rehearing, granting in part and denying in part requests for clarification, and conditionally accepting tariff revisions on compliance with regard to order listed above); Commission Letter Order, 149 FERC ¶ 61,005 (Oct. 2, 2014) (order granting CAISO request to extend effective date of Energy Imbalance Market tariff revisions from September 23, 2014, to October 24, 2014, for trading day November 1, 2014).

³ Cal. Indep. Sys. Operator Corp., 150 FERC ¶ 61,191 (2015) (March 16 Order).

⁴ *Id*. at P 30.

⁵ *Id.* n. 85.

⁶ Cal. Indep. Sys. Operator Corp., 153 FERC ¶ 61,205 (2015).

More information on the status of these other reports consistent with CAISO tariff section 29.2(b)(8) is available on the CAISO website under the EIM Entities NWE entry for 2021 at: http://www.caiso.com/informed/Pages/ReleasePlanning/Default.aspx.

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The market simulation confirmed system functionality and connectivity by identifying issues and software variances in advance of implementation that have since been resolved. In addition, market simulation permitted the CAISO and NWE to validate performance of the systems and processes under a variety of structured scenarios. The market simulation dashboard dated January 31, 2021 demonstrated that the CAISO and NWE were ready to enter parallel operations. Having achieved the benefits from market simulation, the CAISO and NWE transitioned to parallel operations on January 30, 2021.

The parallel operations phase is designed to test performance of the systems and processes in a financially non-binding environment using historical data and information from production systems to the maximum extent possible. The CAISO and NWE have engaged in parallel operations to examine capabilities at different times and conditions (morning ramp, evening ramp, low load and peak load). Doing so has permitted NWE to understand the interaction between resource plans, base schedules, outage management, manual dispatch, and the CAISO full network model. This period has also allowed the CAISO and NWE to identify and resolve software and training issues. The dashboard dated February 15, 2021 showed the progress during initial parallel operations as additional readiness criteria were met. The final dashboard, dated May 4, 2021, is included as Attachment A. The dashboard sets forth each of the readiness criteria in the tariff, the metrics by which the CAISO measures satisfaction of the criteria, and the actions or status that demonstrate NWE's compliance with criteria. The dashboard shows that all readiness criteria have been satisfied or will be satisfied by June 15, 2021.

Section 29(b)(6) requires that a senior officer of the CAISO and a prospective EIM entity attest (1) that the processes and systems of the prospective EIM Entity have satisfied or will have satisfied the readiness criteria set forth in section 29.2(b)(7) as of the Implementation Date; (2) to any known issues requiring resolution prior to the Implementation Date in accordance with section 29.2(b)(8); (3) to any exceptions from the established thresholds specified in the Business Practice Manuals, and that despite such exceptions the criteria were met or will be met as specified in 29.2(b)(7); and (4) that the Implementation Date is conditional on the resolution of the known issues identified in the certificates and any unforeseen issues that undermine the satisfaction of the readiness criteria. Attachments B and C, respectively, contain the sworn CAISO affidavit of Khaled Abdul-Rahman, Vice President of Power System and Market Technology and the sworn NWE affidavit of Michael R. Cashell, Vice President – Transmission in satisfaction of this requirement.

The affidavits are based upon the engagement by these senior officers in assessing the readiness criteria as reported in the dashboard, including supporting documentation. The CAISO believes that the market simulation and parallel operations to date demonstrate that NWE is prepared to enter financially

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binding production EIM operations on June 16, 2021. As discussed in the Market Quality Report included as Attachment D, any issues identified in the parallel operations have been resolved or will be resolved. Neither the CAISO nor NWE has identified any exception to any of the readiness criteria.

III. Market Quality Report on Parallel Operations

Parallel operations allowed the CAISO and NWE to identify and resolve numerous input, process, and software issues prior to the commencement of financially binding operations.⁸ The CAISO and NWE worked diligently during parallel operations to identify the cause of the infeasibilities that arose. The attached Market Quality Report demonstrates that the majority of the power balance infeasibilities identified during the period of parallel operations associated with the readiness determination were caused by input data issues, some of which are unique to the parallel operations environment and software issues, all of which have been or will be resolved by the implementation date.

The CAISO validated both prices and schedules based on the data input to the market systems throughout the first 17 days of parallel operations. This validation demonstrates that the market solution produced is as expected and consistent with the market rules as designed based on the input data. The analysis conducted for the report accounts for the fact that input data may be influenced by limitations inherent in the parallel operations environment and these limitations may affect the quality of the solution. When factors affecting the input data are controlled for, the numerical quality of the market solution is good and indicates that the systems and processes of NWE are ready to operate in production.

IV. Attachments

Besides this transmittal letter, this filing includes these attachments:

Attachment A: Readiness Dashboard Report

Attachment B: Affidavit of Khaled Abdul-Rahman

Attachment C: Affidavit of Michael R. Cashell

Attachment D: Parallel Operations Market Quality Report

The market quality report on parallel operations dated February 26, 2021 explains how each of these issues impacted the market results and how they were resolved by the CAISO and NWE.

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V. Conclusion

The CAISO respectfully requests that the Commission accept this certification as consistent with section 29.2(b)(6) of the CAISO tariff. The CAISO or NWE will notify the Commission in the event of any subsequent determination that the implementation of NWE into the EIM on June 16, 2021 should be delayed, the reason for the delay, the new implementation date if it can be determined, and whether a portion or all of this certification needs to be reissued.

Respectfully submitted,

By: /s/ John C. Anders

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Attachment A – Readiness Dashboard Report

Informational Readiness Certification for

NorthWestern Energy's

Participation in the Energy Imbalance Market

California Independent Systems Operator Corporation



Readiness Criterion Identifier	Readiness Category	Criteria	Measurable Elements	Threshold	Owner	Status	Evidence	Tariff Mapping
1	Prospective EIM Entity Full Network Model Integration	Generation, Interchange and Load comparison	Load, EIM Internal Intertie and EIM External Interties, and Generating Unit definition in the Full Network Model is consistent with the Load, EIM Internal Intertie and EIM External Interties, and Generating Unit definition in the exported prospective EIM Entity network model file that it delivered to the CAISO.	Data matches within 10%, measured in MW capacity to start parallel operation, and within 5% before full activation. Any Discrepancies are accounted for in terms of imbalance adjustment	CAISO	Complete	ISO EMS team provided data/email during Market Sim and Parallel Operations indicating that the averages for EIM BAA load generation and interchange values are within tolerances during measured dates.	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(A)(i)
2	Prospective EIM Entity Full Network Model Integration	Comparison of SCADA measurement	SCADA measurements used in prospective EIM Entity EMS model match the measurements observed by the CAISO through the CAISO EMS model	Critical and used SCADA measurements match 90% to start parallel operation and 95% before full activation, measured in MW, outside of any exception in EMS model	CAISO	Complete	ISO EMS team provided data/evidence that show the average deviation between telemetered values (SCADA) satisfied the requirements for this criterion.	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(A)(ii)
3	Prospective EIM Entity Full Network Model Integration	State Estimator solution	CAISO state estimator solution is equivalent or superior to the prospective EIM Entity state estimator solution for its Balancing Authority Area.	State Estimator solutions converge >90% of the time in two days before parallel operation and three days before full activation. Solution differences within 10% before parallel operation and 5% before full activation measured in MW or justified due to different external BAA modeling	CAISO	Complete	Please note this readiness criteria entails comparing the State Estimator solution between the CAISO State Estimator and the entity's (NWMT) State Estimator. NWMT has confirmed that they do not run a State and hence that data is unavailable for comparison as part of this criterion. CAISO has already demonstrated in NWMT Readiness Criterion #1 for start of parallel operations that CAISO State Estimator values align with the NWMT telemetered values.	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(A)(ii i)
4	Prospective EIM Entity Full Network Model Integration	Non-Conforming Load, Behind-the- Meter Generation, Pseudo Ties, and Dynamic Schedules	Physical representation of the prospective EIM Entity's network matches the Base Market Model that accounts for non-conforming load, behind-the-meter generation, pseudo-ties, and dynamic schedules, and third party transmission service provider and path operator information that supports EIM Transfers and Real-Time Dispatch in the Energy Imbalance Market, as applicable	Prospective EIM Entity major non-conforming loads > 5% of prospective EIM Entity total actual load in MW are modeled separately from conforming load in market model	CAISO	Complete	Email from CAISO stating that NWE EIM Entity has met readiness criteria 4 and that CAISO's network model has NWE representation based on NWE submitted data.	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(A)(i v)



Readiness Criterion Identifier	Readiness Category	Criteria	Measurable Elements	Threshold	Owner	Status	Evidence	Tariff Mapping
5	Agreements	Execution of Necessary Agreements	The prospective EIM Entity has executed all necessary agreements.	The prospective EIM Entity will execute all agreements, as outlined in Section 5 of the EIM BPM within the required timelines outlined in Section 5.	JOINT	Complete	Email on 10/22/20 that all Agreements have been executed	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(K)(i)
6	Operations Training	Completion of mandatory training courses	Prospective EIM Entity operators who will have responsibility for EIM operations, transactions and settlements, will complete CAISO training modules.	Prospective EIM Entity operators will Complete training and close-of-training assessment in the appropriate timeframes as outlined in "100 series"— an introduction to Energy Imbalance Market training "200 series"— the specific hourly and daily tasks and duties for normal operation training module; and "300 series"— the assessment of market results and response to contingencies and abnormal situations training module.	NWE	Complete	NWE sent an email confirming that all training is complete. CAISO Operations Readiness & Training lead confirmed.	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(B)
7	Forecasting Capability	Load forecast capability	 Definition of EIM demand forecast boundaries based on the conforming and non-conforming load characteristics, as applicable. Accuracy of the CAISO forecast of EIM demand based on historical actual load data for the defined EIM demand forecast boundaries. Identification of weather station(s) locations used in forecasting, if applicable. 	All Plant Information (PI) tags and historical data for defined load area(s), and nonconforming load, if applicable, compared with load forecasts provided from CAISO (if CAISO load forecast used).	CAISO	Complete	CAISO Short Term Forecasting provided email / screenshots of EIM BAA from Forecast Monitor showing accuracy measurements for T-60, FMM and RTD.	Tariff sections 29.2(b)(7)(C)(i) -(iii)
8	Forecasting Capability	Variable Energy Resource (VER) forecast capability	Identification of the source of VER forecasts. (If a participating wind or solar unit requires a CAISO forecast, then BPM and Tariff requirements apply.)	Forecasting entity must demonstrate delivery of Unit MW forecast at 5 min intervals for at least three hours ahead. Forecasting entity must also provide base schedule by T-75, T-55 and T-40. EIM Entity provides to CAISO real-time MW production PI tags.	CAISO	Complete	CAISO Short Term Forecasting sent an email confirming that NWE's forecast provider demonstrated deliver of VER forecasts in Parallel Operations. CAISO STF provided screenshots for wind and solar in Parallel Operations.	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(C)(i v)
9	Forecasting Capability	Flexible capacity requirements	CAISO has established flexible capacity requirements for the prospective EIM Entity Balancing Authority Area and the combined EIM Area including the prospective EIM Entity	The CAISO has received and stored all historical data from the prospective EIM Entity necessary and sufficient for the CAISO to perform the flexible ramp requirement.	CAISO	Complete	CAISO Short Term Forecasting team provided evidence that the ISO is getting stable estimates of the data that feeds the calculation for the Flexible Ramp Product Uncertainty.	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(K)(i v)



Readiness Criterion Identifier	Readiness Category	Criteria	Measurable Elements	Threshold	Owner	Status	Evidence	Tariff Mapping
10	Balanced Schedules	Base schedule balancing capability	The prospective EIM Entity Scheduling Coordinator demonstrates its ability to balance EIM demand and EIM supply for the prospective EIM Entity's Balancing Authority Area	90% or greater of base schedules balance tests during monitored hours are within 10% average imbalance of load forecast over one day period before parallel operation, and 5% average over five full days before full activation. The CAISO will provide examples of MW thresholds for each prospective EIM Entity to indicate a reasonable threshold as it applies to a given EIM Entity and indicate the potential implications of a swing from 5% over to 5% under forecast in one hour to the next.	NWE	Complete	CAISO email confirming that they had reviewed the evidence provided; based on the test results, NWMT has met readiness criteria for Readiness Criteria No. 10 – Base schedule balancing capability	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(D)(i)
11	Balanced Schedules	Flexible ramping sufficiency test capability	The prospective EIM Entity \ Scheduling Coordinator demonstrates its ability to pass the flexible ramping sufficiency test.	Passes 90% of the time or greater over monitored hours of one day before parallel operation and five non-consecutive days before full activation.	NWE	Complete	CAISO email confirming that they had reviewed the evidence provided; based on the test results, NWMT has met readiness criteria for Readiness Criteria No. 11 – Flexible ramping sufficiency test capability	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(D)(ii i)
12	Balanced Schedules	Capacity test capability	The prospective EIM Entity Scheduling Coordinator demonstrates its ability to pass capacity test	Passes 90% of the time or greater over monitored hours of one day before parallel operation and five non-consecutive days before full activation. The CAISO will explain the implications of any potential issues with the reliability of an EIM Entity to meet its capacity requirements.	CAISO	Complete	CAISO email confirming that they had reviewed the evidence provided; based on the test results, NWMT has met readiness criteria for Readiness Criteria No. 12 – Bid Capacity test capability	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(D)(ii)
13	Operating Procedures	CAISO operating procedures (relevant to EIM operations)	The prospective EIM Entity signs CAISO non-disclosure agreement and receives appropriate CAISO "public" and "restricted" operating procedures	Operating procedures NDA signed by the prospective EIM Entity. The prospective EIM Entity receives CAISO operating procedures four months prior to the parallel operations date.	JOINT	Complete	CAISO Operations Readiness & Training lead provided an email stating that an NDA is no longer required as all operating procedures are now posted on the public site and that NorthWestern Energy has successfully completed EIM Readiness Criteria #13.	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(K)(i)
14	Operating Procedures	Prospective EIM Entity operating procedures	The prospective EIM Entity operating procedures are defined, updated, and tested for the EIM Entity Scheduling Coordinator	The prospective EIM Entity operating procedures are updated tested and implemented prior to parallel operations date.	NWE	Complete	EIM Desk Operating procedures have been uploaded to the Track 6 folder in Accellion and CAISO confirmed completion.	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(K)(ii)
15	System Readiness & Integration	Functional Testing	The prospective EIM Entity and the CAISO will test the functional and system elements in accordance with functional and system testing documentation posted on the CAISO website	All tasks identified in the functional and system testing documentation are complete and will not have any issues deemed significant. Any exceptions will be explained or have an interim solution that is functionally equivalent.	NWE	Complete	NWE provided email with testing timeline summary results. CAISO confirmed successful completion.	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(E)(i)



Readiness Criterion Identifier	Readiness Category	Criteria	Measurable Elements	Threshold	Owner	Status	Evidence	Tariff Mapping
16	System Readiness & Integration	System Integration	The prospective EIM Entity and CAISO will test system integration testing in accordance with the system integration testing documentation posted on the CAISO website	All tasks identified in the system integration testing documentation are complete and will not have any issues deemed significant. Any exceptions will be explained or have an interim solution that is functionally equivalent.	NWE	Complete	NWE provided email with testing timeline summary results. CAISO confirmed successful completion.	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(E)(ii)
17	System Readiness & Integration	The prospective EIM Entity system access complete	All prospective EIM Entity employees who require system access to perform EIM-related job functions identified and have necessary certificates.	All prospective EIM Employees performing job functions for EIM market are identified. All CAISO issued certificates are requested within the appropriate timeframes. All identified employees provided the necessary EIM system access certificates.	NWE	Complete	NWE affirmed via emails that all access is in place for Parallel Operations and a plan is in place to ensure all access is in place for production.	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(E)(ii i)
18	System Readiness & Integration	ISO - prospective EIM Entity interfaces	Data interfaces between prospective EIM Entity's systems and CAISO systems are tested	ISO and prospective EIM Entity identify significant data interface issues. EIM Entity and CAISO executives to approve exceptions.	JOINT	Complete	NWE provided email with testing timeline summary results. CAISO confirmed successful completion.	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(E)(i)
19	Market Simulation	Day in the life simulation	The prospective EIM Entity operators are able to meet the market timelines	The prospective EIM Entity grid operations staff complete end-to-end daily market workflow with no critical defects.	JOINT	Complete	NWE provided email with testing timeline summary results. CAISO confirmed successful completion.	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(l)(ii)
20	Market Simulation	Structured scenarios simulation	The prospective EIM Entity operators execute and pass all structured scenarios provided by CAISO	All significant issues resolved or have an interim solution that is functionally equivalent.	JOINT	Complete	Email from CAISO verifying that NWE had met this criteria	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(l)(iii
21	Market Simulation	Unstructured scenarios simulation	The prospective EIM Entity operators execute and pass all unstructured scenarios provided by prospective EIM Entity	All significant issues resolved or have an interim solution that is functionally equivalent.	JOINT	Complete	Email from CAISO -Based on NWE's waiver of executing any unstructured scenarios, RC#21 can be passed.	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(l)(iv
22	Market Simulation	Market results reports	Market results are appropriate based on inputs	The prospective EIM Entity and CAISO executive project sponsors approve the market results reports during market simulation	NWE	Complete	Email from CAISO - The Market Validation and Analysis team has analyzed market results from market simulation savecases in Map-stage. The resource dispatch and pricing are consistent with design principles for EIM and appropriate to meet the criteria set forth for this requirement.	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(l)(v)



Readiness Criterion Identifier	Readiness Category	Criteria	Measurable Elements	Threshold	Owner	Status	Evidence	Tariff Mapping
23a	Market Simulation	Market quality review	Prices are validated based on input data	Market simulation prices and MWs schedules/dispatches are validated by CAISO market quality team for entry into parallel operations	CAISO	Complete	Email from CAISO - The Market Validation and Analysis team has analyzed market results from market simulation savecases in Map-stage. The resource dispatch and pricing are consistent with design principles for EIM and appropriate to meet the criteria set forth for this requirement.	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(l)(vi)
23b	Parallel Operations	Market quality review	Prices are validated based on input data	Parallel operations prices and MWs schedules/dispatches are validated by the CAISO market quality team	CAISO	Complete	ISO Market Quality team provided NWE with an analysis report on the Market Solution, prices, and quality of data.	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(l)(vi
24	Market Simulation	The prospective EIM Entity Identification	Validation of SCID's and Resource ID's	The CAISO has established and the prospective EIM Entity has tested all necessary SCIDs and Resource IDs established for the prospective EIM Entity's Balancing Authority Area	JOINT	Complete	Email from CAISO confirming that the NWE EIMPRA has been completed/executed and is in place and all criteria has been met.	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(l)(i)
25	Settlements	ISO Settlement Statements and Invoices published to the prospective EIM Entity and EIM Participating Resources	The CAISO Settlement statements and invoices match the operational data published to stakeholders or fed into settlement system and the resulting calculations correspond to the formulas defined in ISO's tariff and BPMs	Monthly settlement statement and invoice with corresponding daily statements produced during market simulation and parallel operations are verifiably accurate against available data.	JOINT	Complete	NWE settlement lead confirmed receipt of initial and recalculation statements from agreed trade dates. ISO settlement leads verified the accuracy of its settlement statements and invoices made available during parallel operations.	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(F)(i)
26	Settlements	The prospective EIM Entity settlement statements and invoices reflect accurate allocations to the prospective EIM Entity customers prior to financially binding operations.	Verification that settlement statements and invoices accurately reflects system and market data	The prospective EIM Entity settlement statements and invoices that allocate charges and credits to its customers accurately reflect system and market data during parallel operations.	JOINT	Complete	NWE settlement lead confirmed that the settlement statements and Invoices received for the agreed trade dates reflected accurate allocations. ISO settlement lead verified the accuracy of the statements and invoices made available during parallel operations.	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(F)(ii)



Readiness Criterion Identifier	Readiness Category	Criteria	Measurable Elements	Threshold	Owner	Status	Evidence	Tariff Mapping
27	Monitoring	Data monitoring	Sufficient and adequate data is available to the CAISO and the Department of Market Monitoring	All required market monitoring data is available during testing and during post go-live for the key metrics (any exceptions will be addressed). CAISO will provide a market report that will provide publicly available information to all market participants.	CAISO	Complete	Emails confirming that the Market Validation and Analysis team has sufficient and adequate data to analyze market results. DMM - We can confirm that we have the data needed for monitoring	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(K)(v
28	Parallel Operations Plan	Deployment plan	Parallel operations run consistently and in accordance with the timeframe set forth in the prospective EIM Entity specific parallel operation plan	Parallel operations runs consistently within normal production CAISO Market disruption tolerances.	CAISO	Complete	CAISO email confirming that it had reviewed the evidence provided; based on the documentation, NWMT has met readiness criteria for Readiness Criteria No. 28 - Parallel Operations Plan	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(J)
29	Outage Management System	Transmission and generation outage submittal and retrieval	The prospective EIM Entity will verify its ability to submit and retrieve outage information with the CAISO	The prospective EIM Entity validate their ability to submit and retrieve transmission out-of-service outages, generation Pmax derates, generation Pmin rerates, and generation out-of-service outage tickets within the required timelines.	JOINT	Complete	NWE provided evidence that internal applications were automatically processing outages and these outages match those provided by the ISO. Email from CAISO Integration lead and OMS BSM - evidence that outages were created by EIM entity and processed by ISO OMS application.	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(G)
30	Communications between the CAISO and the prospective EIM Entity	Voice and/or electronic messaging	Implemented process and procedures used for voice and/or electronic messaging	The process and procedures are incorporated into the prospective EIM Entities business processes before the start of market simulation.	NWE	Complete	NWE email stating that processes have been completed and CAISO email stating that NWE has successfully completed both Track 6 requirement #30	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(H)(i)
31	Communications between the CAISO and the prospective EIM Entity	Communication tools	Staff are trained on communication procedures and tools	The prospective EIM Entity operations staff who will have responsibility for EIM operations, transactions and settlements are trained on the relevant operating procedures and tools used for EIM related communications before the start of parallel operations	NWE	Complete	CAISO email stating that NWE has successfully completed requirement #31	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(H)(ii)
32	Communications between the CAISO and the prospective EIM Entity	3 rd party transmission service provider	The third party transmission service provider information that supports EIM Transfers and Real-Time Dispatch included in the Full Network Model is available during parallel operations	The CAISO provides third party transmission service provider and path operator information to the prospective EIM Entity through parallel operations	NWE	Complete	Email from CAISO Lead - NorthWestern does not have any 3rd Party Transmission that impacts EIM transfers. Hence, please use this email as evidence that NWE has met RC#32.	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(H)(ii i)



Readiness Criterion Identifier	Readiness Category	Criteria	Measurable Elements	Threshold	Owner	Status	Evidence	Tariff Mapping
33	EIM Available Balancing Capacity	Identification of EIM Available Balancing Capacity	Participating resources and non- participating resources for EIM Available Balancing Capacity.	The prospective EIM Entity has identified EIM participating resources and non-participating resources that it intends to designate in the EIM Resource Plan as EIM Available Balancing Capacity	NWE	Complete	Email from NWE - NWE's systems are capable of designating ABC capacity on its registered participating or non-participating EIM resources; and NWE has successfully tested the submission of Available Balancing Capacity with the CAISO systems. This functionality was successfully tested in the Market Simulation Scenario 13, on 1/7/2021.	Tariff section 29.2(b)(7)(K)(ii i)

Attachment B - Affidavit of Khaled Abdul-Rahman

Informational Readiness Certification for

NorthWestern Energy's

Participation in the Energy Imbalance Market

California Independent Systems Operator Corporation



Affidavit of Khaled Abdul-Rahman Certifying Readiness of NorthWestern Energy (NWE) Implementation in the Energy Imbalance Market

I, Khaled Abdul-Rahman, Vice President of Power Systems and Market Technology for the California Independent System Operator Corporation (CAISO), hereby certify as follows:

- As the Vice President of Power Systems and Market Technology, I am responsible for the systems and processes that support and enable the Energy Imbalance Market and, as such, I have responsibility for the implementation of NWE into that market.
- I have reviewed the readiness dashboard and find that it is accurate and complete. All
 readiness criteria set forth in the CAISO's tariff and business practice manual have
 been satisfied or are expected to be satisfied as of NWE's June 16, 2021
 implementation date.
- 3. Based on the readiness dashboard and other materials and my own review of relevant information and direct involvement with the readiness efforts, including testing, market simulation, training and parallel operations, and barring unforeseen developments, the systems and processes of the CAISO and NWE will be ready to implement NWE's implementation in the Energy Imbalance Market on June 16, 2021.
- 4. I will ensure that the CAISO maintains resource commitments necessary to sustain readiness through June 16, 2021 and address any unexpected conditions that may arise before June 16, 2021 that could undermine grid operation or market operation within the existing EIM Area. I will continue to monitor progress and resolve any unexpected conditions that may arise.
- Actual implementation of NWE on June 16, 2021 is conditioned upon the lack of any unexpected and unresolved issues that could undermine grid operation or market operation within the existing EIM Area. I will update this certification in the event any unexpected issues are not resolved as of June 16, 2021.

I hereby declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing statements are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief:

Khaled Abdul-Rahman, Vice President, Power Systems and Market Technology

K. H. Abghel Ruhnen

Attachment C - Affidavit of Michael R. Cashell

Informational Readiness Certification for

NorthWestern Energy's

Participation in the Energy Imbalance Market

California Independent Systems Operator Corporation





Affidavit of Michael R. Cashell Certifying Readiness of the NorthWestern Energy Implementation in the Energy Imbalance Market

I, Michael R. Cashell, Vice President – Transmission, of NorthWestern Corporation d/b/a NorthWestern Energy, hereby certify as follows:

- As the Vice President Transmission, I am ultimately responsible to NorthWestern for ensuring that all the systems and processes that support and enable the NorthWestern Balancing Authority Area to participate in EIM are established and ready for EIM operations. As such, I have overall responsibility for the implementation of NorthWestern's entry into that market.
- 2. I have reviewed the readiness dashboard and find that it is accurate and complete. All applicable readiness criteria set forth in the California Independent System Operator's ("CAISO") tariff and business practice manual for the EIM have been satisfied or are expected to be satisfied as of NorthWestern's June 16, 2021 implementation date.
- 3. Based on the readiness dashboard and other materials prepared for me or for those that report directly to me and my own review of relevant information and direct involvement with readiness efforts, including testing, market simulation, training, and parallel operations, and barring unforeseen developments, the systems and processes of CAISO and NorthWestern will be ready to implement NorthWestern's participation in the EIM on June 16, 2021.
- 4. I will ensure that NorthWestern maintains resource commitments necessary to sustain readiness through June 16, 2021, and address any unexpected conditions that may arise before June 16, 2021, that could undermine grid operation or market operation within the existing EIM Area. I will continue to monitor progress and resolve any unexpected conditions that may arise.
- 5. Actual implementation of NorthWestern's entry on June 16, 2021, is conditioned upon the lack of any unexpected and unresolved issues that could undermine grid operation or market operation within the existing EIM Area. I will update this certification in the event any unexpected issues are not resolved as of June 16, 2021.



I hereby declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing statements are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief.

Michael R. Cashell

Vice President – Transmission

Dated: May 7, 2021

Attachment D – Parallel Operations Market Quality Report

Informational Readiness Certification for

NorthWestern Energy's

Participation in the Energy Imbalance Market

California Independent Systems Operator Corporation



Market Validation of Parallel Operations For NorthWestern Energy (NWMT) EIM Entity

February 26, 2021



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Executive Summary

Parallel operations activities of the Energy Imbalance Market (EIM) started on January 30, 2021. This effort provides an opportunity to assess the readiness of the NorthWestern Energy Company (NWMT), the prospective Energy Imbalance Market (EIM) Entity, to participate in the EIM. One of the readiness criteria require the ISO to provide a market performance report for the period of parallel operations carried out for the integration of NWMT Balancing Authority Area (BAA) into the real-time energy imbalance market. This report fulfills that requirement and summarizes the main findings of market validation carried out by the ISO with an emphasis on the EIM results for the NWMT (BAA).

The ISO validated both prices and schedules as part of the overall market performance based on input data that fed to the market systems parallel operations from January 30 through February 15. This validation demonstrates that the market solution produced is as expected and consistent with the market rules as designed, recognizing that the input data may be influenced by limitations inherent in the parallel operating environment and these limitations may affect the quality of the solution. When factors affecting the input data are controlled for, the quality of the market solutions are as expected and indicate that the systems and processes of NWMT are capable of operating in production.

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Background and Scope

The intent of parallel operations is to run the market to simulate as close as practically possible actual operating conditions of the system, and to provide NWMT with an opportunity to go over specific day-to-day processes and activities required for the operation of the EIM. This set-up provides NWMT and the ISO with an opportunity to test their systems and procedures in advance of financially binding market operations.

Although closely resembling actual operations, parallel operations have some inherent limitations that need to be considered when evaluating market results, including the following:

- i) The real-time market requires a set of data inputs to run. In actual real-time market operations, many of these inputs are dynamic, dependent on the participants' resources actual performance, and following instructions. For example, in an actual operating environment, telemetry received from resources gives the information to the ISO system of the operating status of the units, which are changing dynamically and interact with the market systems as the conditions change. During parallel operations, these iterative and interactive data processes are limited because the resources of the prospective EIM entity are not yet required to follow their five-minute dispatch instruction. Similarly, if telemetry from actual production is used, there may be a potential for mismatches between what the actual system is running with versus what the market is projecting due to units potentially not following market instructions. Therefore, the information regarding the resource's performance feedback to the market systems may or may not be related to the dispatch instruction issues through the parallel operations environment. For the first seventeen days of parallel operations, the NWMT resources in the production system were not following the ISO's Parallel Operations dispatch instructions, however, the market application was operated in two configurations. The first configuration used the resource actual telemetry as the input but the resources were not following the market instructions. The second configuration was an echo back system, which fed back the resource dispatch operating target as its telemetry thereby creating a scenario of a perfect response by resources for every dispatch instruction. The first configuration, using actual telemetry, was used in nine of the 17 days, and the other eight days used the echo back system for all or part of the day.
- ii) In actual operations, intertie resources require a closed loop for the market system to fully reflect the system and market conditions and intertie schedules eventually need to be tagged in order to reflect the system data flows. For parallel operations, it is not possible to replicate fully the actual tagging process, which may pose an additional challenge based on the data that is fed into the market system.
- During parallel operations, the market participant is still defining its resources' data, including characteristics and bids, which consist of three-part bids used for generation resources that require careful consideration of start-up, minimum load and energy bid costs. During this period, the participant is also learning the impacts of the resources constraints on the actual operations of the market.



iv) During the period of parallel operations, the prospective EIM entities bids and base schedules are merged with the bids and base schedules from the current production systems to simulate the actual production environment. The process of combining information from two systems needs some time to synchronize the data flow across various applications.

These factors, among others, have an effect on the market results and the quality of the solution. Therefore, conclusions on the quality of the market results must consider the input data and the inherent set-up for parallel operations to avoid misleading conclusions about the actual functionality and robustness of the market. The Market Trends section provides metrics that capture NWMT's market performance during parallel operations; also, it includes various system issues that were identified during parallel operations and that affected market performance. The Market Validation items section provide a summary of issues identified during parallel operations.

Market Trends

Figure 1 shows the NWMT BAA's performance for the balancing test as required under section 29.34(k) of the ISO tariff for the period of January 30, 2021 until February 15, 2021. The balancing test provides a reference of how well balanced (energy supply defined by the hourly base schedules meets the demand defined by the forecast respectively) the EIM entity BAA is going to be into the real-time energy imbalance market. Having a large percentage of positive imbalance means the real-time market will be the last resort to balance the area incrementally. The incremental balancing of supply will come from the bid-in capacity made available in the market in addition to the base schedule or EIM transfers between the participating EIM entities' BAAs. During the first eighteen days of parallel operations, NWMT passed the balancing test in 96.32 percent of hours. The performance of passing the balancing test was consistent through the two-week time frame. The Balancing failures that occurred were all related to submission issues. These submission issues ranged from software tagging issues on the vendor's side to issues with servers where the balancing application was running. NWMT has passed the majority of the tests with less than 1 MW submission difference and has been diligent about identifying the issues that have caused failures.

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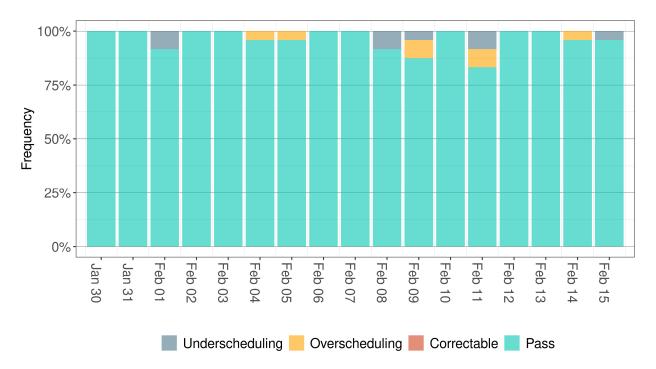


Figure 1: Daily frequency of power balancing test results

A second test carried out before running the real-time market is the bid-range capacity test. Figure 2 and Figure 3 shows the NWMT BAA's performance for the bid-range capacity test up and down for January 30, 2021 through February 15, 2021. All EIM market participants use Scheduling Infrastructure and Business Rules (SIBR) application to submit bids to the ISO market. After the deadline to submit bids for each trading hour, an automated process transfers this bid to various applications for downstream market processes. On February 3, 2021, hour ending 12, in the ISO parallel operations environment, this automated process failed to transfer bids to the BAAOP application that performs the capacity test, resulting in a capacity test failures for NWMT. In Figure 2 and Figure 3, this bid-range capacity test failure is represented as a correctable event because it is a result of ISO automation process failure. With the correctable event removed from the count of failures NWMT has passed 99.76 percent of the tests.

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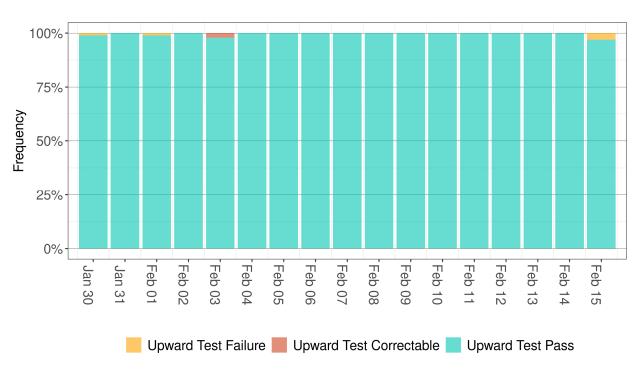
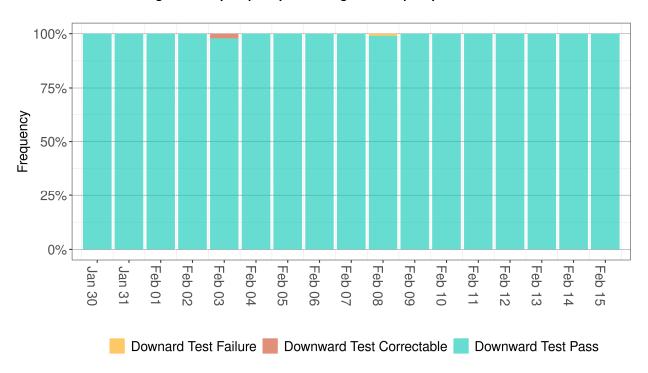


Figure 2: Daily frequency of bid range up capacity test results

Figure 3: Daily frequency of bid range down capacity test results



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A third test carried out before running the real-time market is the flexible ramp sufficiency test, as required by section 29.34 (m) of the ISO tariff. The flexibility test evaluates whether the EIM entity has sufficient flexible ramp capacity to meet its both upward and downward ramp requirements based on optimized resource schedules before the trading hour. Figure 4 and Figure 5 shows the daily frequency of flex ramp up and down test failures observed in the first 18 days of parallel operation for the NWMT BAA. From January 30 through February 15, NWMT passed the flexible ramp up tests in 99.94 percent of the hours and passed the flex ramp down test 100 percent of the hours. There was one system issue that affected the NWMT's flexible ramp sufficiency test results, which is represented as a correctable event in both Figures 4 and 5. On February 3, NWMT failed the bid-range capacity test due to an ISO parallel operations system issue that was described in the prior section. When an EIM BAA fails the bid-range capacity test, it automatically fails the flexible ramp sufficiency test. Since the ISO system issue drove the bid-range capacity test failure, the flexible ramp sufficiency failure is also classified as a correctable event. During the first 17 days of parallel operations, there was a single valid flexible ramp-up test failure. On February 15, 2021, the NWMT BAA failed the flexible ramp-up test for three fifteen-minute interval in the hour ending 20. This test failure was due to a NWMT base scheduling submission issue related to tagging tie schedules along with having participating resource base scheduled at or near the upper economic limit, which resulted in insufficient capacity to meet the load forecast requirement.

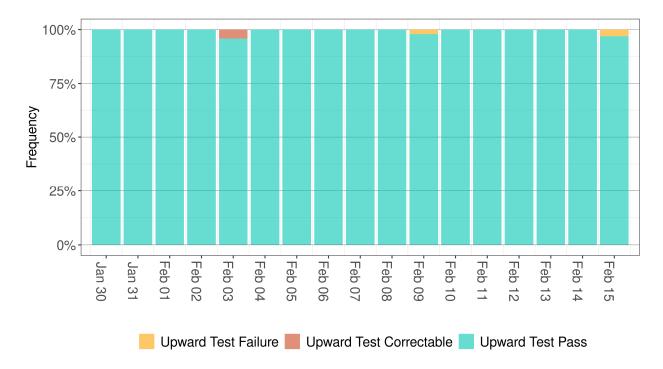


Figure 4: Daily frequency of flexible ramp up and down test results

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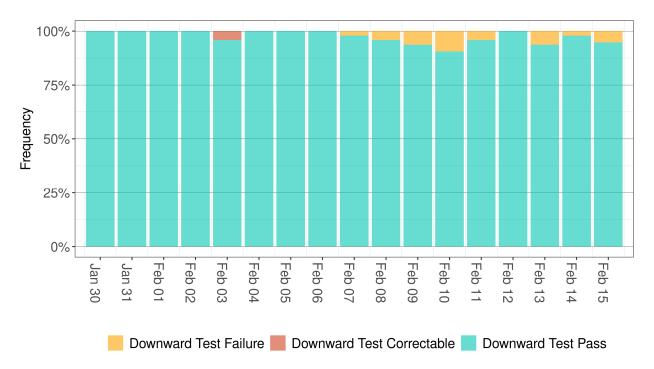


Figure 5: Daily frequency of flexible ramp down test results

Figure 6 and 7 shows the frequency of power balance constraint infeasibilities for under-generation conditions in both the Fifteen Minute Market (FMM) and real-time dispatch (RTD) markets. The power balance constraint infeasibilities are pegged to the corresponding penalty prices, of \$1000/MWh for under-supply infeasibilities, and about -\$150/MWh for over-supply infeasibilities. However, during parallel operations, the EIM market for NWMT has been set-up to run under the conditions reflecting the price discovery mechanism that is in effect under the transitional period (the first six months in an actual production system). Under this functionality, when its power balance constraint is infeasible, the market will reflect the last economic signal instead of the penalty prices. The first six months transitional period pricing is based on the FERC Order¹, which grants the prospective EIM entity the time to re-adjust and fine-tune its systems, processes, and procedures to avoid conditions that trigger administrative penalty prices due to false under-supply or over-supply conditions. The transition period pricing also shields the prospective EIM entity from getting administrative penalty prices during the first six month. This period allows the entity to gain production experience in dealing with timely response to inform the market about operators' manual actions that are taken or decided outside the market to maintain the EIM entity BAA reliability or balancing needs such as deployment of operating reserve in response to forced outages.

¹ Calif. Ind. System Op., 153 FERC ¶ 61,104 (2015). www.caiso.com



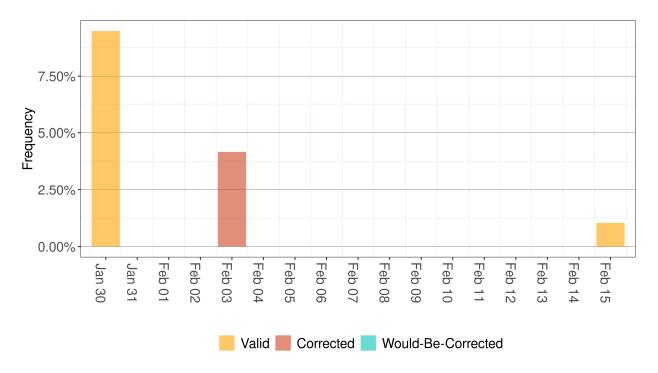


Figure 6: Daily frequency of supply infeasibilities in the fifteen-minute market

From January 30 through February 15 for the FMM, NWMT had one valid under-supply power balance infeasibility. The infeasibilities in the first three intervals on January 30th were due to a CAISO data issue that was not correctly accounting scheduling imports into NWMT. The infeasibilities on February 3 were due to the same software issue that led to the capacity failures described earlier. Because there were no bids for this time these intervals were marked as corrected. The only single valid under-supply power balance infeasibility occurred on February 15, in hour ending 19 interval 1.

For the five-minute market, NWMT had six trade dates with valid under-supply power balance infeasibilities. A resource set-up issue on January 30 mainly drove the under-supply infeasibility. The real-time market application was missing the forecast for a variable energy resource (VER), and another variable energy resource was missing telemetry. Furthermore, a conventional generating resource had a lower than expected bid range in the market. Within the trading hour, updates to the net-scheduled imports into the NWMT BAA drove imbalance requirements and lack of supply due to resource set-up issues resulted in under-supply infeasibilities. A market simulation issue caused the January 31 under-supply infeasibilities where a non-participating resource was base scheduled at a higher value than where the plant was running. On February 1, NWMT BAA had a higher than expected imbalance requirement due to late updates to tags for net-schedules imports. Furthermore, there was a lower than anticipated bid-in capacity for hydro resources because NWMT is still working to determine the bid range for this resource. The infeasibilities on February 3 had some intervals that were corrected due an issue described above. There were additional infeasibilities on that day due to a VER operating 61 MW below their base schedules and lack of ramping capacity to cover that due to some shutdowns on participating resources that did not see the time horizon of the infeasibilities. The infeasibility on February 8 was due to a resource



outage that led to the loss of 50 MW. The transfers were locked on this day and there wasn't enough upward ramp to cover the loss for one interval. The last RTD infeasibility on February 15 was described in the FMM section. The infeasibility on February 8 was due to a resource outage that led to the loss of 50 MW. The transfers were locked on this day and there wasn't enough upward ramp to cover the loss for one interval.

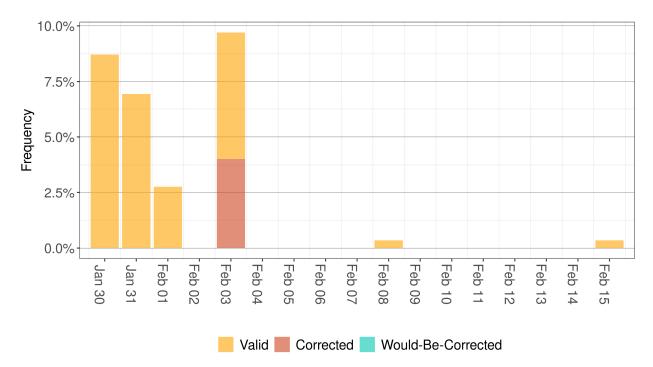


Figure 7: Daily frequency of supply infeasibilities in the five-minute market

The Figure 8 shows the daily average ELAP locational marginal prices (LMPs) for the fifteen-minute market and the five-minute market. The average daily prices from January 30 through February 15 in the fifteen-minute market were between \$12.21/MWh and \$116/MWh. The average five-minute prices were between \$13.54/MWh and \$162/MWh.

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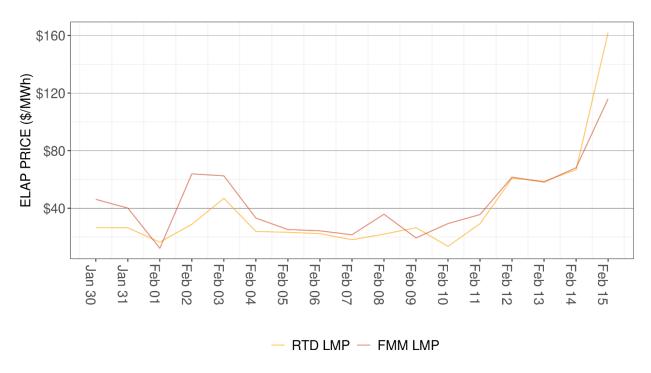


Figure 8: Daily average of fifteen-minute prices

Figure 9 and 10 show the FMM and RTD ELAP prices for the NWMT BAA classified by price bins.

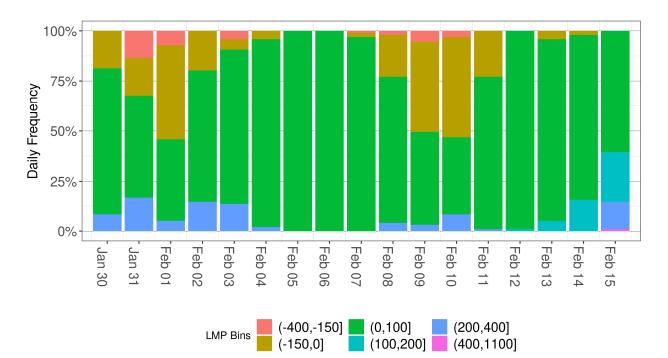


Figure 9: Daily frequency of fifteen-minute prices organized by price ranges

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For all trade dates from January 30 through February 15 about 74 percent of the FMM intervals observed prices were between \$0/MWh and \$100/MWh. At the same time, 76 percent of the five-minute prices were between \$0/MWh and \$100/MWh.

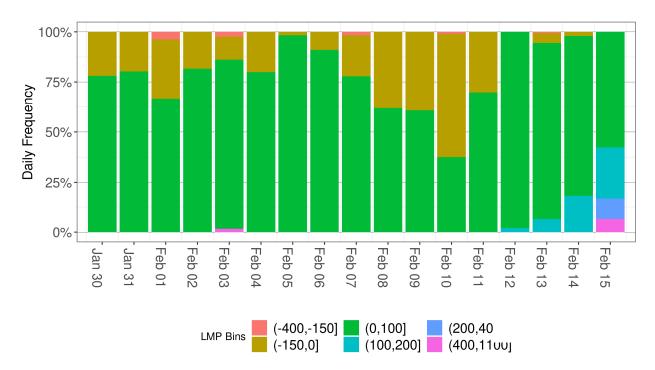


Figure 10: Daily frequency of five-minute prices organized by price ranges

Market Validation Items

1. Parallel Operation bid transfer Issue

All EIM market participants use Scheduling Infrastructure and Business Rules (SIBR) application to submit bids to the ISO market. After the deadline to submit bids for each trading hour, an automated process transfers all the bids to various applications for downstream market processes. On February 3, 2021, hour ending 12, in the ISO parallel operations environment, this automated process failed to transfer bids for several BAAs, including NWMT BAA, to other market applications. The real-time base schedule and resource sufficiency tests use the corresponding EIM BAA's bids to perform bid-range capacity test and the flexible ramp sufficiency test. Because the bids were missing due to the system issue, all the balancing areas including NWMT failed the bid-range capacity test and hence the flexible ramp sufficiency test. The automated process is controlled via an in-house developed tool to facilitate the parallel operation set up and is not used or needed in production environment were all bids come to the market from one source.

2. Renewable forecast

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ISO and NWMT continue to work on improving the forecasting that is being used in the market. A couple of IT performance tuning in regards to forecast process have been identified and resolved. ISO representatives are continuing to work to improve processing time of the received forecast payloads. NWMT is working with their renewable forecasting vendor to improve forecast on the large fleet of renewable so that changes on the individual resource are captured and represented in the market accurately.

Conclusion

The ISO validated both prices and schedules based on input data fed through the market systems parallel operations from January 30 through February 15. This validation demonstrates that the market solution produced is as expected and consistent with the market rules as designed, recognizing that the input data may be influenced by limitations inherent in the parallel operating environment and these limitations may affect the quality of the solution. When factors affecting the input data are fixed or controlled for, the quality of the market solutions are as expected and indicate that the systems and processes of NWMT are capable of operating in production.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I have served the foregoing document upon the parties listed on the official service list in the captioned proceedings, in accordance with the requirements of Rule 2010 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 C.F.R. § 385.2010).

Dated at Folsom, CA this 12th day of May, 2021.

Jacqueline Meredith

An employee of the California ISO

Is Jacqueline Meredith